

# MKP CAPACITORS FOR LIGHTING APPLICATION



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#### **GENERAL INFORMATION**

#### **ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS AND DEFINITIONS**

- Dielectric:

- bi-axially oriented polypropylene
- Plates:

self-healing metal layer Zn or Al deposited by evaporation under vacuum

Rated voltage  ${\rm U}_{\rm \tiny R}$  The rms value of the sinusoidal AC voltage which can be applied to the capacitor in normal working conditions. From 250 to 500 V (see each series)

#### Rated current I<sub>R</sub>

The value of the current flowing through the capacitor of rated capacitance at the rated voltage and frequency.

#### Duty frequency range

The capacitors can be used at a frequency range of 50-60 Hz. Use at higher frequencies is possible provided the voltage, current, temperature and power limits are complied with.

**Operating temperature class** Minimum temperature - 25 °C. Maximum temperature +70 °C or +85 °C. In accordance with the reference standards, these temperatures are those measured on the surface of the capacitor.

Storage temperature -10 °C ... +85 °C

**Capacitance tolerance** Rated tolerance ±5%; ±10% Different tolerance values are available on request.

Dissipation factor (tg<sup>()</sup>)

The value of the tangent of the loss factor measured at 50 Hz, 20 °C at the rated voltage is:  $tgd \le 20 \times 10^{-4}$ 

Maximum permissible overloads

The capacitors can operate in the following overload conditions throughout the temperature class range:  $I max = 1.3 I_{p}$ 

#### $U \max = 1.1 \text{ U}$

The overload deriving from the simultaneous presence of voltage and current above the rated values, even if within the stated limits, must be such that the apparent power Pa (Irms x Vrms) absorbed by the capacitor is:  $Pa \leq 1.35 \times 2\pi \mathbf{f} \times C \times U_{a}^{2}$ 

#### **Pulsed stress**

The capacitors are capable of withstanding steep wavefronts with a maximum voltage variation speed of 20 V/lls.

Insulation resistance between terminals and case Measured at 500 VDC, 20 °C after 30 seconds. Ri > 1000 Mohm

**Direct current operation** 

These capacitors can be used with a DC voltage not exceeding the peak value of the rated voltage

 $VDC \leq V 2 Vn$ MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS Mounting: The capacitors may be provided with stud M8 for mounting: The maximun torque is 5 Nm Vibrations: In accordance with IEC 68-2-6 standards, the capacitors pass the test with a frequency range from 10 to 55 Hz, acceleration amplitude 10 g and duration 6 h.

#### **Operating classes (DIN 40040)**

According to DIN 40040, operating classes are identified by 5 letters which are defined consecutievly: Lower temperature, upper temperature, relative humidity, expected life, failure rate.

1st code letter		co	nd ode tter	3rd code letter		4th code letter		5th code letter		
Lower Temper. limit		Ten	per nper. it (1)	ŀ	Relativ Iumidity %		Number of Expecte failures per life 10e9 (4) comp/hour			
	°C		°C		Ave.	Max.		Pcs		Hours
G H J K	-40 -25 -10 0	S R P M	70 75 85 100	F	(2) ≤75	(3) ≤95	MZPQ	1000 3000 10000 30000	S T U V	30000 10000 3000 1000

(1) Measured on the surface of the capacitor

(2) Average yearly value

(3) Maximum value for no longer than 30 days in an year; for the remaining days it is occasionally permitted a value of no more than 85 °C.

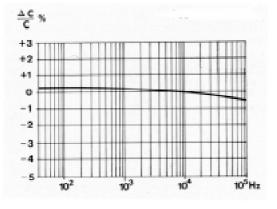
(4) Expected life at the rated voltage and maximum temperature with a failure rate stated by the 4th letter.

(Ex.: MS = expected life 30000 hours and failure rate ≤3%)

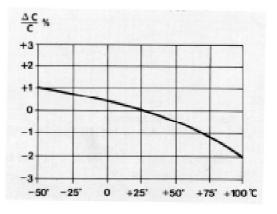
#### Markings

Black colour. Data shown: CONIS trade mark, Series number, Capacitance in microfarad, Tolerance in %, Rated A.C. Voltage, Operating temperature range in degrees Centigrade, Coded climatic class and reliability data according to DIN 40040, Self-Healing property SH, Year and mounth of production.

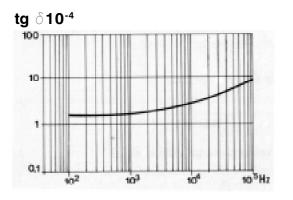
## **CHARACTERISTIC CURVES**



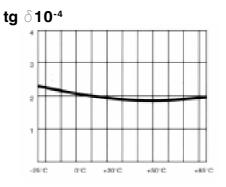
Capacitance vs. frequency



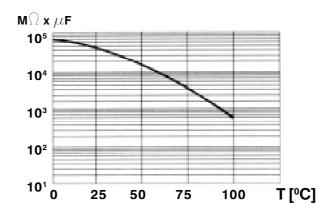
Capacitance vs. temperature at 1 kHz



**Dissipation factor vs. frequency** 

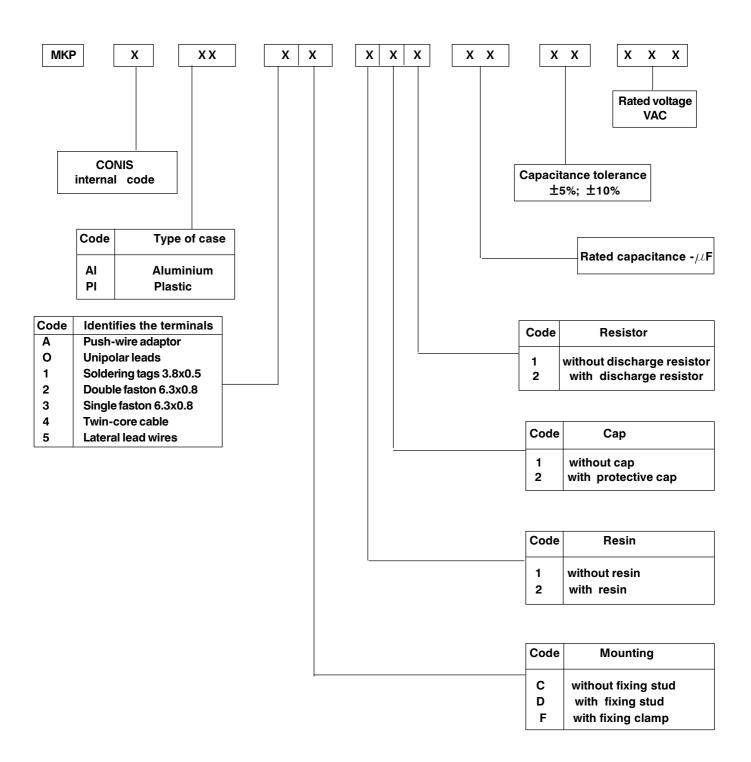


Dissipation factor vs.temperatire at 1 kHz



Time constant vs. temperature

## **ORDERING CODE**



Example of following code: MKP-Z-AI-1D-222 - 4  $\mu$ F ±10% 250VAC describes a MKP-Z capacitor, aluminium case, soldering tags, fixing stud, discharge resistor, protective cap and resin, 4  $\mu$ F ±10% 250VAC

Discharge lamps (fluorescent lamps, halogen-metal vapour lamps, mercury vapour lamps and sodium vapour lamps) require suitable chokes or leakage reactance transformers for ignition and also for current limitation during discharge.

Due to their inductance, the power factor is, depending on the type, between 0.5 and 0.7. Electricity Boards, therefore, reguire that the wattless power from the chokes or transformers be suitably corrected to  $\cos \varphi = 0.9$ . To improve the power factor, capacitors, which are designed for the widest range of operating, climatic and thermal conditions, should be used. Capacitors can be for single lamps or group correction (parallel types), as well as for series use (where the choke and capacitor are in series).

Parallel and series capacitors are dimensioned for the following rated voltages and temperature ranges:

Parallel capacitors:  $250 V^{\sim} / -40^{\circ}C$  to  $85^{\circ}C$ 

Series capacitors: 450V~/ -25°C to 85°C

Because of light fitting capacitors can retain their charge for a considerable time after they have been disconnected, EN 61048 stipulate the use of special discharge ressistors, to ensure that 1 minute after disconnecting the voltage across the capacitor is reduced to less than 50 V.

The capacitors are to be discharged by a discgarge resistor which is normally included in the spring connector. Spring connectors are available mounted or unmounted against surplus.



Single-lamp and group correction by means of parallel capacitors.

Each separate lamp (single-lamp correction) or a group of lamps controlled by a common switch (group correction) can be power factor corrected by shunting a capacitor K across the line (see fig. 1 and 2).

If group correction is employed, then the correction capacitor must have a value equal to the sum of the capacitance values that would be required to correct individual lamps.

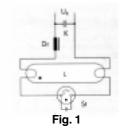
Power factor correction using series capacitors

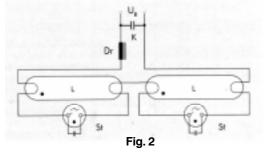
With this type of power factor correction one choke is "overcorrected" so that the wattless power handled by the capacitor is sufficient to compensate for the wattless power of two chokes. A second non-corrected lamp is therefore connected in parallel with the first one (dual circuit, see Fig. 3.).

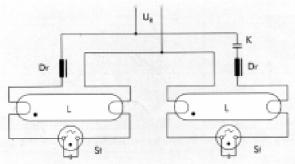
Due to the series-connection of choke and power factor correction capacitor the voltage developed across the capacitor while the lamp is energized exceeds the line voltage. The series capacitor must be rated for an appropriately higher voltage.

This dual circuit has the additional advantage that the combined light produced by the two lamps is almost completely free of flicker since the current through one lamp is always a maximum whilst that through the other is zero. Also, this type of power factor correction is more economic than parallel correction and is the only one permissible if the supply carries an audio-frequency signal used for central control purposes.

For the correction of series power factor the capacitance is critical and is suggested by the manufacturer of ballast. In this application the capacitance tolerance must be close  $(\pm 4\%)$ .





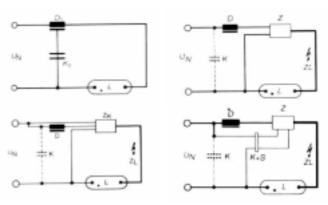


D Balast

- **Tapped balast** D,
- Κ **Compensating capacitor**
- K, Compensating and ignition capacitor 5  $\mu {\rm F}$
- K+S Short time switch and cut-out

Lamp L

- UN Mains voltage 220V~
  - (For 2000 W and  $3500 \text{ W} = 380 \text{ V}^{\sim}$ )
- Ζ Ignition device
- Ζ<sub>κ</sub> ZL Ignition device with ignition capacitor
- **High frequency ignition line**
- St Starter





#### POWER FACTOR CORRECTION OF DISCHARGE LAMPS

Power factor correction for high pressure mercury vapour lamps, sodium vapour lamps, halogen metal vapour lamps is achieved by parallel connection of capacitors. /Fig. 4/

The power factor of these discharge lamps depends on the operating equipment, and amounts to 0.5 to 0.7 if reactance chokes are used, and to approx. 0.3 in the case of leakage-reactance transformers.

The differing characteristics of various types of discharge lamps require an individual approach to the selection of proper capacitors for power factor correction:

Fluorescent lamps							
Lamp power	Lamp power with ballast	Parallel capacitor 250V~	Series capacitor 450V~				
W	W	$\mu$ F	$\mu$ F				
4	10	2.0	-				
6	12	2.0	-				
8	14	2.0	-				
10	14	2.0	-				
13	19	2.0	-				
15	25	4.5	-				
16	21	2.5	-				
18	27	4.5	2.9*				
18	<b>23</b> <sup>(1)</sup>	4.5	-				
20	30	4.5	2.9*				
20	25 <sup>(1)</sup>	4.5	-				
22	27	5.0	3.2*				
30	39	4.5	3.0				
32	42	5.0	3.6				
36	45	4.5	3.6				
38	48	4.5	3.6				
40	49	4.5	3.6				
40	54	4.5	4.4				
58	69	7.0	5.7				
65	76	7.0	5.7				
65	76	7.0	5.7				
65	80	9.0	6.8*				
115	135	18.0	12.2*				
140	160	18.0	12.7*				

<sup>(1)</sup> 2 Lamps in series 220 V

#### **High-pressure Mercury vapour lamps**

Lamp power W	Lamp power with ballast W	Parallel capacitor 230V~ mF		
50	59	7		
80	89	8		
125	137	10		
150	170	20		
250	266	18		
250	275	32		
400	425	25		
400	385	35		
700	735	40		
1000	1045	60		
2000	2070	-		

## Low-presure sodium vapour lamps

Lamp Lamp power **Parallel capacitor** 230V~ with ballast power w w  $\mu \mathbf{F}$ 18 25 5 50 62 10 83 70 12 90 113 25 100 115 12 135 175 45 150 170 20 180 220 40 210 232 18 250 275 36 350 445 25 400 450 45 1000 1090 100

#### **High-pressure sodium lamps**

Lamp power W	Parallel capacitor 230V~ mF			
50	10			
70	12			
150	20			
250	36			
400	50*			
400	45*			
1000	100*			
1000	120*			

\* depending on lamp type

#### Halogen - Metal vapour lamps

Lamp power W	Lamp power with ballast W	Parallel capacitor 230V~ / 380V~ mF
35	48	6
70	88	12
150	170	20
250	275	32
400	385	35
400	440	45
1000	1050	85
2000	2070	37*
2000	2080	50*
3500	3650	100*

The above values have been specified by leading lamp manufacturers. We take no responsibility for future changes or variations in these specifications.

## MKP CAPACITORS FOR LIGHTING APPLICATIONS

## **TECHNICAL DATA**

SERIES	MKP-A	L MK	P-PL		
Reference standards	IEC566; EN 61048; EN 61049; VDE 0560-6				
Storage temperature	- 10 +85 ⁰C				
Rated AC Voltage U <sub>R</sub>	250VAC	400 VAC	450VAC		
Rated DC Voltage 🖌 2U <sub>R</sub>	350VDC	560VDC	630VDC		
Voltage rise/fall time (dv/dt) max	15 <b>V</b> /µS	20V/µs	20V/µs		
Test voltage between terminals		2 U <sub>R</sub> for 2 sec			
Test voltage terminals to case	2 000 VAC for 2 sec	2500 VAC -	for 2 sec		
Terminals	Faston 6.35x0.8 siı Unipolar leads. pu	•	ering tags 3.8x0.5;		
Creepage distances		≥7 mm			
Clearance in air	≥ 5 mm				
Self discharge time ${ m Ri}({ m M}\Omega)$ x C(mF)	R x C ≥ 3000 sec.				
Dissipation factor (tg $\delta$ )	≤ 20 x 10	<sup>-4</sup> at U=U <sub>R</sub> 20 ⁰C	and 50 Hz		
Vibration strength	Accordi - Test duration - Amplitude	ng to Test Fc of IEC 6h. Frequency rar .75 mm; Accelerati	C 68-2-6 nge 10 to 55 Hz on max - 10 g		
Max fixing torque		M8 bolt: 5 Nm			
Degree of protection (ref. EN 60529)	IP00 with fa	aston; IP55 with pro	otective cap		
Capacitance tolerance	± 5% or ±10% (diff	erent tolerance avai	ilable upon request)		
Maximum permissible voltage (RMS)	1.1 x U <sub>R</sub>				
Maximum permissible current (RMS)	1.3 x I <sub>R</sub>				
Maximum permissible reactive output	1.35 x Q <sub>R</sub>				
Rated frequency	50 Hz (60 Hz on request)				
Expected life and operating classes DIN 40040	30 000 h 10 000 h HPFMS HPFNT Failure rate ≤ 3%				
Temperature range and climatic category	-25 °C +85 °C 25/85/21				
Safety class	P0; P2 (Fl	PU) for MKP-AL or	request		

## MKP CAPACITORS FOR LIHTING APPLICATION IN PLASTIC CASE

#### DESIGN

DIELECTRIC: Low losses polypropylene film metallized

with Zn or Al SELF HEALING.

WINDING: Non-inductive type

CASE: Plastic materials self-extinguishing grade V2 according to UL 94 standard.

RESIN: Non polluting filling compound made of vegetable

oil (non PCB) improving the protection of the winding and

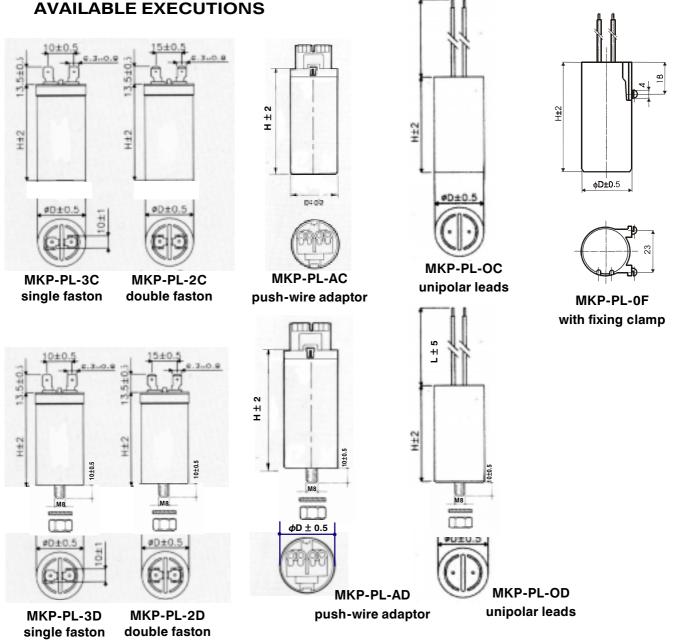
the functioning of the capacitor.

DECK: Plastic materials self-extinguishing,

grade V1 or V0 according to UL 94 standard.

#### **TERMINALS:**

- Faston-tinned brass 6.35 x 0.8 single or double only for  $D \ge 30 \text{ mm}$ - Unipolar leads: stiff wires or flexible wires copper - 0.5 mm<sup>2</sup>; 0.75 mm<sup>2</sup> length - min 80 mm, max 250 mm stripping - 5 mm ± 1 mm - Push-wire adaptor **DISCHARGE RESISTOR:** Included on request Included in push-wire adaptor. **CLASS OF SAFETY PROTECTION: P0 REFERENCE STANDARDS:** EN 61048; EN 61049 - for lighting applications capacitors **APPLICATION** Lighting application



## MKP CAPACITORS FOR LIGHTING APPLICATION IN PLASTIC CASE

SERIES	MKP-PL		МКР	MKPZ-PL		MKP-PL	
30 000 h HPF	250 VAC		400 VAC		-		
10 000 h HPF	320 VAC		450VAC		400 VAC		
3 000 h HPF			500VAC		450 VAC		
1000 h HPF	-				500 VAC		
	D	н	D	н	D	н	
<b>C</b> /μ <b>F</b> /	n	' nm	mm		mm		
1.5	25	55	25	55	25	55	
2.0	25	55	25	55	25	55	
2.5	25	55	25	55	25	55	
3.0	25	55	25	55	30	55	
3.5	25	55	25	55	30	55	
3.75	25	55	30	55	30	55	
4.0	25	55	30	55	30	55	
4.5	30	55	30	55	30	55	
5.0	30	55	30	55	35	55	
6.0	30	55	35	55	35	55	
7.0	35	55	35	55	35	73	
8.0	35	55	35	55	35	73	
9.0	35	55	35	55	35	73	
10.0	35	55	35	73	40	73	
11.0	35	55	35	73	40	73	
12.0	35	55	35	73	40	73	
13.0	35	73	40	73	45	73	
14.0	35	73	40	73	45	73	
15.0	35	73	40	73	45	73	
16.0	40	73	40	73	45	73	
18.0	40	73	40	73	40	93	
20.0	40	73	45	73	40	93	
22.0	45	73	45	73	40	93	
25.0	45	73	45	93	45	93	
30.0	45	73	45	93	45	128	
35.0	45	93	45	93	45	128	
40.0	45	93	45	128			
45.0	45	128	45	128			
50.0	45	128	45	128			
55.0	45	128					
60.0	45	128					

Other dimensions and capacitance values on request

## MKP CAPACITORS FOR LIGHTING APPLICATION IN ALUMINIUM CASE

#### DESIGN

**DIELECTRIC:** Low losses polypropylene metallized with Zn or Al SELF HEILING.

WINDING: Non-inductive type

CASE: Aluminium with/without fixing stud M8 x 10 Locking strength - 5 Nm

**RESIN: Non polluting filling compound made of veg**etable oil (non PCB) improving the protection of the wind ing and the functioning of the capacitor.

DECK: Plastic materials self-extinguishing, grade V1 or V0 according to UL 94 standard.

**TERMINALS:** 

- Faston-tinned brass 6.35 x 0.8 single or double only dor D  $\geq$  30 mm
- Soldering tags tinned steel 3.8 x 0.5
- Unipolar leads: stiff wires or flexible wires copper - 0.5 mm<sup>2</sup>; 0.75 mm<sup>2</sup> lenght - min 80 mm, max 250 mm stripping - 5 mm ± 1 mm

**PROTECTIVE CAP: Plastic materials** self-extinguishing, grade V2 according to UL 94 standard.

**DISCHARGE RESISTOR:** Included on request.

CLASS OF SAFETY PROTECTION: P0 or P2 (FPU) for D=45 mm on request.

**ACCESSORIES: Protective cap** Crimp M8 and hexagonal nut M8

**REFERENCE STANDARDS:** EN 61048; EN 61049 - for lighting applications capacitors

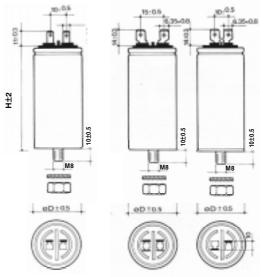
**APPLICATION** Lighting application

# 3 8v0 5 6.05-0.0 倖 oD±05 eD±05 oD±0.5

MKP-AL-1C soldering tags

H±2

MKP-AL-2C MKP-AL-3C double faston single faston

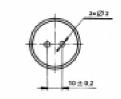


MKP-AL-1D

MKP-AL-2D MKP-AL-3D soldering tags double faston single faston

#### ACCESSORIES





### **AVAILABLE EXECUTIONS**

## MKP CAPACITORS FOR LIGHTING APPLICATION IN ALUMINIUM CASE

SERIES							
Life	MKP-AL		MKPZ-AL		MKP-AL		
30 000 h HPF	250 VAC		400	400 VAC		-	
10 000 h HPF	320 VAC		450VAC		400 VAC		
3 000 h HPF	400 VAC		500	500VAC		450 VAC	
1000 h HPF		-				500 VAC	
	DH		D	Н	D	н	
<b>C</b> /μ <b>F</b> /					I		
		nm		mm		mm	
1.5	25	60	25	60	25	60	
2.0	25	60	25	60	25	60	
2.5	25	60	25	60	25	60	
3.0	25	60	25	60	30	60	
3.5	25	60	25	60	30	60	
3.75	25	60	25	60	30	60	
4.0	25	60	30	60	30	60	
4.5	30	60	30	60	30	60	
5.0	30	60	30	60	35	60	
6.0	30	60	35	60	35	60	
7.0	35	60	35	60	35	78	
8.0	35	60	35	60	35	78	
9.0	35	60	35	78	35	78	
10.0	35	60	35	78	40	78	
11.0	35	78	35	78	40	78	
12.0	35	78	35	78	40	78	
13.0	35	78	40	78	45	78	
14.0	35	78	40	78	45	78	
15.0	35	78	40	78	45	78	
16.0	40	78	40	78	40	98	
18.0	40	78	40	78	40	98	
20.0	40	78	40	98	40	98	
22.0	45	78	40	98	40	98	
25.0	45	78	45	98	45	98	
30.0	45	78	45	98	45	132	
35.0	45	98	45	98	50	132	
40.0	45	98	40	132	50	132	
45.0	40	132	45	132	50	132	
50.0	45	132	50	132	55	132	
55.0	45	132	55	132	55	132	
60.0	45	132	55	132			

\*D  $\geq$  50 mm only for design with unipolar leads.

Other capacitance values and other dimensions on request